

## Public Protection (food & safety)

### **Food Premises Inspection Report**

Name of business: Earlham Early Years Centre

Address of food business: Earlham Nursery School Cadge Road Norwich NR5 8DB

Date of inspection: 16/09/2024
Risk rating reference: 24/00375/FOOD
Premises reference: 11/00210/FOOD
Type of premises: Childrens nursery

Areas inspected: Main Kitchen

Records examined: Temperature Control Records, SFBB

Details of samples procured: None Summary of action taken: Informal

General description of business: School with catering

### **Relevant Legislation**

Food Safety Act 1990 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 applied by The General Food Regulations 2004 (as amended)

Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 and No 853/2004 applied by Regulation 19 (1) of the Food

Safety and Hygiene (England) Regulations 2013

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and related regulations

Food Information Regulations 2014

#### What you must do to comply with the law

The report may include **Contraventions** - matters which do not comply with the law . You must address all of the contraventions identified; failure to do so could result in legal action being taken against you.

As a guide, contraventions relating to cleaning, temperature control and poor practice, should be dealt with straight away.

Contraventions relating to structural repairs, your food safety management system and staff training, should be completed within the next <u>2 months</u>.

Health and safety contraventions should be dealt with within 3 months unless otherwise stated.

To assist you the report may also include **Observations** of current practice, useful **Information**, **Recommendations** of good practice and reminders of **Legal Requirements**.

My inspection was not intended to identify every contravention of the law and only covers those areas, practices and procedures examined at the time of the inspection. If the report fails to mention a particular matter this does not mean you have necessarily complied with the law.

### **FOOD SAFETY**

# How we calculate your Food Hygiene Rating:

The food safety section has been divided into the three areas which you are scored against for the hygiene rating: 1. food hygiene and safety procedures, 2. structural requirements and 3. confidence in management/control procedures. Each section begins with a summary of what was observed and the score you have been given. Details of how these scores combine to produce your overall food hygiene rating are shown in the table.

| Compliance Area                            |        |    |         | You Score |         |    |         |    |      |
|--|--------|----|---------|-----------|---------|----|---------|----|------|
| Food Hygiene and Safety                    |        |    |         | 0         | 5       | 10 | 15      | 20 | 25   |
| Structure and Cleaning                     |        |    |         | 0         | 5       | 10 | 15      | 20 | 25   |
| Confidence in management & control systems |        |    |         | 0         | 5       | 10 | 15      | 20 | 30   |
|  |        |    |         |           |         |    |         |    |      |
| Your Total score                           | 0 - 15 | 20 | 25 - 30 |           | 35 - 40 |    | 45 - 50 |    | > 50 |
| Your Worst score                           | 5      | 10 | 10      |           | 15      |    | 20      |    | -    |
|  |        | F  |         |           |         |    |         | ſ  |      |
| Your Rating is                             | 5      | 4  | 3       |           | 2       |    | 1       |    | 0    |

Your Food Hygiene Rating is 4 - a good standard



## 1. Food Hygiene and Safety

Food hygiene standards are high. You demonstrated a very good standard of compliance with legal requirements. You have safe food handling practices and procedures and all the necessary control measures to prevent cross-contamination are in place. Some minor contraventions require your attention. (Score 5)

#### Contamination risks

**Observation** I was pleased to see you were able to demonstrate effective controls to prevent cross-contamination

**Recommendation** Chopping/cutting boards were being stored directly touching. Chopping/cutting boards must be stored in a rack properly divided to stop cross-contamination and to allow aeration

#### Hand-washing

**Legal Requirement** The way gloves are used in your premises was unhygienic and likely to give rise to a risk of cross contamination. Ensure that hands are always washed thoroughly before putting gloves on and after taking them off. Gloves should be disposable and should always be changed between the handling of raw and ready-to-

eat foods. Gloves should also be changed before handling ready-to-eat food if they have come in contact with any surface or objects not designated as clean (e.g. money), and also at every break.

### Personal Hygiene

**Contravention** The following are examples of poor personal hygiene or where it was made difficult for food handlers to maintain sufficiently high standards of personal cleanliness:

- food handlers were wearing jewellery
- food handlers wearing nail varnish/gel nails

**Guidance** Regular hand washing is important for personal cleanliness. Remind all food handlers of the need to wash their hands before starting or returning to work, and specifically:

- \* After using the toilet;
- \* After handling rubbish;
- \* After smoking;
- \* After taking a break;
- \* After handling raw food

## **Temperature Control**

**Recommendation** In addition to the visual checks you undertake, use a probe thermometer to check the core temperature of cooked and reheated foods. The temperature should reach 75°C for 30 seconds or an equivalent time/temperature combination, for example 80°C for 10 seconds.

#### **Poor Practices**

**Contravention** The following matters represented poor practice and if allowed to continue may cause food to become contaminated or lead to its deterioration:

• 2 x par baked bread was being stored beyond its 'Best before' date of 6/9

**Guidance** It is an offence to use food which is not of the nature, substance or quality demanded by the consumer. Food used passed it's 'best before' date could be of a reduced quality so you must check it is OK before you use it.

### 2. Structure and Cleaning

The structure facilities and standard of cleaning and maintenance are all of a good standard and only minor repairs and/or improvements are required. Pest control and waste

disposal provisions are adequate. The minor contraventions require your attention. **(Score 5)** 

### Cleaning of Structure

**Contravention** The following items were dirty and require more frequent and thorough cleaning:

- flooring underneath equipment
- air vent

### Cleaning of Equipment and Food Contact Surfaces

**Contravention** The following items are dirty and must be cleaned:

- seals to fridges
- can opener
- electric extension lead
- cutlery tray

## Cleaning Chemicals / Materials / Equipment and Methods

**Contravention** The following evidence demonstrated your cleaning materials, equipment and methods were not sufficient to control the spread of harmful bacteria between surfaces:

 surface sanitisers do not to conform to British Standards EN 1276:1997 or BS EN 13697:2001

**Information** Ensure you use a surface sanitiser that conforms to BS EN 1276:1997 or BS EN 13697:2001. This information should be available on the label or by contacting the manufacturer

**Recommendation** I recommend that items such as mops, buckets and brooms are stored in an area, room or cupboard separate from a food preparation or storage area so that the risk of food contamination is minimised

## **Maintenance**

**Contravention** The following had not been suitably maintained and must be repaired or replaced:

- split seals to fridges/freezers
- holes to wall
- badly marked ceiling tiles
- flaking paint to wall

#### Pest Control

**Observation** You have a pest control contract in place and there is no evidence of pest activity on the premises.

### 3. Confidence in Management

There are generally satisfactory food safety controls in place although there is evidence of some non-compliance with the law. The contraventions require your attention; although not critical to food safety they may become so if not addressed. (**Score 10**)

### Type of Food Safety Management System Required

**Observation** You were date labelling perishable foods appropriately and could demonstrate effective control over food spoilage organisms.

### Food Hazard Identification and Control

**Information** Before implementing a food safety management system such as Safer Food Better Business, basic good hygiene conditions and practices called prerequisites must be in place. Only then will your food safety management system be effective in ensuring the preparation of safe food.

### Proving Your Arrangements are Working Well

**Contravention** You are not working to the following safe methods in your SFBB pack:

cleaning schedule

**Contravention** The Management sections in your Safer food Better Business (SFBB) pack are intended to demonstrate you are in day-to-day control of the hazards to food. The following Management sections were either missing, incomplete or not up-to-date:

- daily diary had lapsed since June 24
- training records / supplier lists you need to add all food handlers to your training lists

**Legal Requirement** You must start your diary again immediately, this is an essential part of your food safety management system

#### Infection Control / Sickness / Exclusion Policy

**Observation** Policies were in place to prevent any infected food handler from contaminating food.

#### Waste Food and other Refuse

**Observation** You had measures in place to dispose of waste food appropriately and were employing the services of an approved waste contractor.